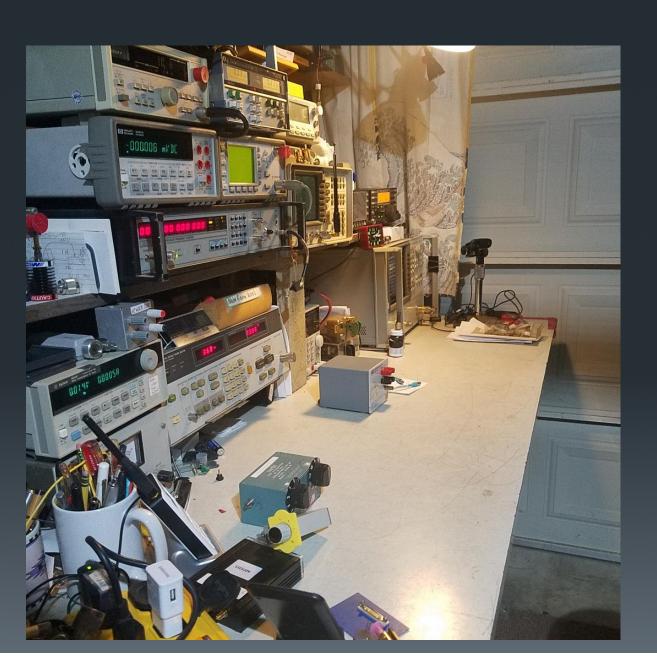
JEY Labs Presents



Doug Millar K6JEY

Please put your name and call on your card and fold it.

We are going to have a seminar class

I would like to know the following from each of you

- 1. What band or bands are you interested in?
- 2. What equipment do you have on hand
- 3. How far have you progressed in getting on the air
- 4. Next steps for you?

Guiding principles

- Work with a "buddy"
- Find an Elmer
- See what gear you can borrow or buy cheaply
- Don't make the perfect radio-
- Get on the air and then improve it.
- Measure everything and label it.

Two most popular bands

- 144MHz
 - Lots of inexpensive equipment
 - Lots of People to work
 - Not as technically demanding
- 1296MHz
 - Second most popular band
 - Technically challenging
 - Equipment is more expensive

Typical 144MHz Station

- 2 meter multimode Transceiver CAT controlled
- Mirage 180w Amp with preamp
- 2 x 7 or 11 element Yagis

2m Xcvers



180w Amp Preamp 2 antennas7 or 11 elements

Use LMR 400 or Heliax Make or buy a splitter

Main Wiring Considerations

- Coax
 - Use LMR 400 or Andrews Heliax
 - Get a prep tool.
 - Measure each run for loss and label it
- Sequencer
 - If you are running digital modes, you won't need one.
- DC
 - Pay attention to wire sizes for DC and use power poles
 - Think about weatherproofing and an RF transparent cover.

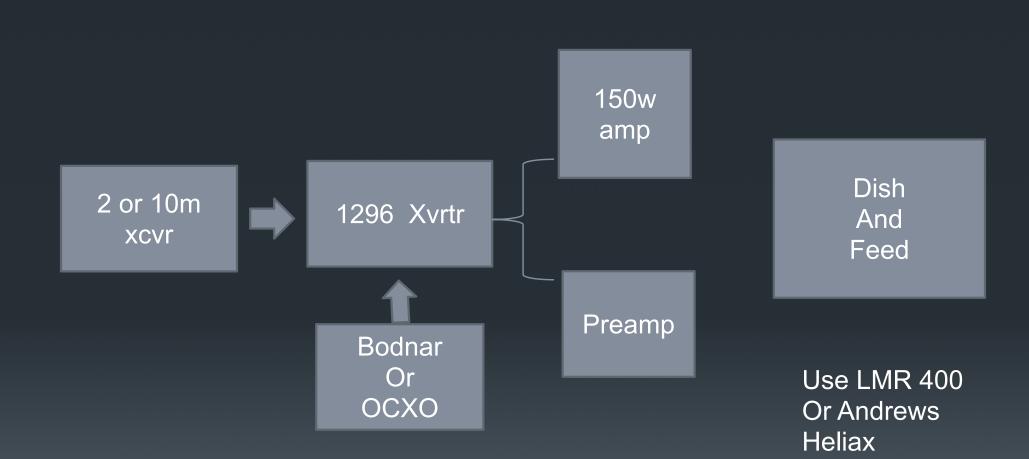
Typical 1296MHz Station

- Transceiver
 - ■IC9700 plus Bodnar GPS Source
 - 1296 to 144MHz transverter
 - 10m Transceiver
 - 144MHz Transceiver

Preamp- G4DDK- AGO

Amplifier 150w

W2HRO Dish- use a relay and dummy load on receive (SMA)



Small Details

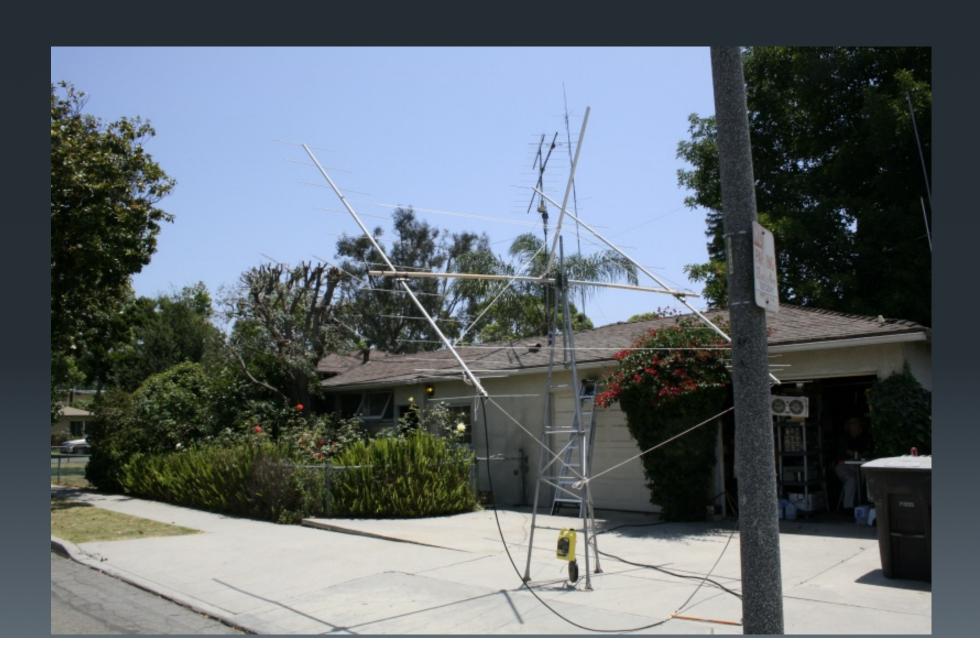
- Use power poles to keep away shorts
- Label cables and measure coax loss
- Dress and color code wires
- Use a clamp on ammeter to check circuits
- Have an RF output Monitor
- (1296MHz) Have an LED to show that the RX preamp is getting power and relay is switching
- Put the amp and preamp at the antenna.

If you are going portable

144MHz Ideas







1296MHz Ideas

For pointingUse an azimuth scale
and a inclinometer or
theodolite program on your phone
The sun moves 1 deg in 4min so reposition
every 8-10 minutes

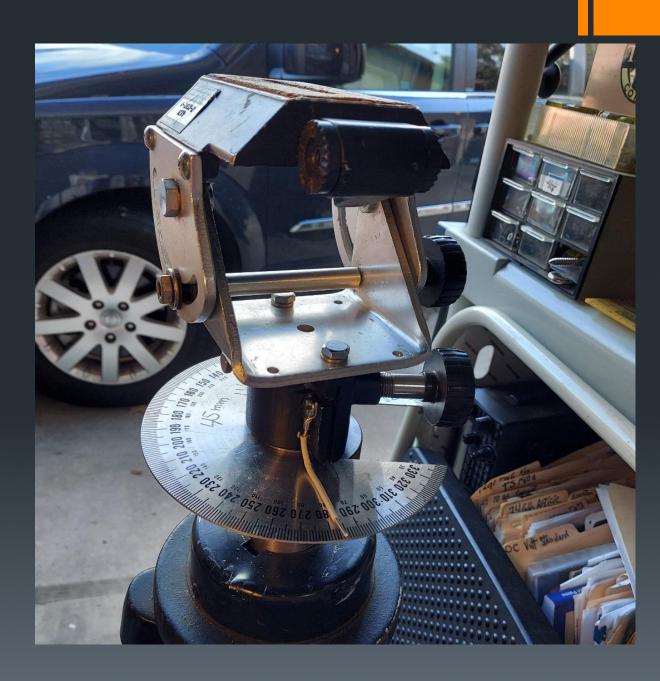
Hang a counterweight from the middle of the tripod.

DO NOT LEAVE THE DISH OUT IN THE WEATHER

You can use the Geocam app for pointing



Sampson Tripod head and AZ indicator



A much more complex project. Storage is also a consideration.





Remember to have fun.

Rein, me John and Bill

